אקטואליה - EZ

Hurricane Katrina / Fear and <u>confusion</u> in New Orleans as <u>body count</u> remains <u>uncertain</u>

by **Shmuel Rosner**

NEW ORLEANS - The more the days pass and the water is <u>pumped out</u>, the greater the number of <u>refugees</u> starting to talk about when - not if - they will return home. The more time that passes, the louder the question <u>echoes</u>, to which no one has a good answer right now: How many people were actually killed in the great <u>disaster</u> in the southern United States?

Until the bodies are <u>buried</u> and an <u>exact count</u> is made, this question will <u>impact</u> the national <u>mood</u>, and the <u>officials</u> who did not <u>respond</u> fast enough <u>will face castigation</u>.

Everyone agrees that <u>rescue efforts</u> were too slow. Bush and Secretary of State Condoleezza Rice, on her visit to the <u>region</u>, <u>admitted</u> that the force of the storm had <u>overwhelmed</u> them. If everyone agrees, the only question that remains is who to_<u>blame</u> - government workers or <u>elected officials</u> - making this an <u>unbeatable</u> <u>opportunity</u> for a political <u>battle</u>. But that is another story, one that belongs to Washington and not to Louisiana.

When the water is <u>drained</u> and the dead are counted, it will be an "<u>ugly sight</u>," warned the Secretary of Homeland Security Michael Chertoff. By Sunday it was reported that a number of police officers and <u>firefighters</u> could not stand the <u>emotional pressure</u>. Two committed suicide.

In the coffee shops and on the radio, there was a new "sport" - <u>comparing</u> disasters. Remembering hurricanes like Betsy and Ivan, the cholera <u>epidemic</u> that took 6,000 <u>souls</u> in 1828, the great Johnstown <u>flood</u> of 1889 that killed 2,000 people.

Fear and confusion are mixed in the stories. Moses Heatron from Virginia, who was visiting relatives in New Orleans, managed to get away after the storm, but his <u>relatives</u> stayed behind at their home in Jefferson Parish. Maybe they <u>survived</u>. They

may be in a <u>shelter</u>, in San Antonio or Houston. But he has no way of knowing. "Maybe they're just <u>floating</u> out there, and nobody's found them yet," he said <u>anxiously</u>.

Officials try to <u>convince</u> people who <u>refuse</u> to <u>evacuate</u> that they should, but they are still not forcing them. Lieutenant General Russell Honore, <u>directing</u> the <u>National</u> <u>Guard deployment</u>, said there may still be people hiding in their homes, and they may yet decide on a <u>forced evacuation</u>.

מנוקז – drained – בלבול

body count - ספירת גופות ugly sight - מראות מכוערים

uncertain - לא ברור, מפוקפק firefighters - מכבי אש

pumped out- נשאב החוצה emotional pressure - לחץ נפשי

refugees - פליטים committed suicide - התאבדו

echoes – מהדהד Comparing – משווים

disaster - מגפה epidemic – מגפה

southern – נפשות souls – souls – נפשות

Buried – קבור flood - שטפון

exact count - ספירה מדוייקת relatives – קרובי

impact – השפעה, פגיעה Survived - שרדו

מקלט, מחסה - shelter מקלט, מחסה

To respond - להגיב floating - צף, צפים

will face - יעמדו בפני anxiously – בחרדה, בדאגה

officials - בכירים, נושאי משרה ציבורית convince – לשכנע refuse - מסרבים

rescue efforts - מאמצי חילוץ To evacuate - לפנות

Region – אזור deployment - פריסה (במקרה הזה פריסת כוחות)

admitted – (כמו: הודה בטעות) directing - מנהל

overwhelmed – המום National guard – המשמר הלאומי

blame – אשמה אשמה אונו צבאי, אך בעל סמכויות נרחבות יותר מהמשטרה)

elected officials forced evacuation - פינוי בכפייה

elected officials

unbeatable opportunity - אפשרות שאין לעמוד בפניה

battle – קרב